



Single Electricity Market

FINAL RECOMMENDATION REPORT

MOD_02_24 SDP_02 BATTERY INTEGRATION V3

16 MAY 2024

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Document History

Version	Date	Author	Comment
1.0	17 th May 2024	Modifications Committee Secretariat	Issued to Modifications Committee for review and approval
2.0	24 th May 2024	Modifications Committee Secretariat	Issued to Regulatory Authorities for final decision

Reference Documents

Document Name
Trading and Settlement Code
Modification Proposal Form
Presentation

Table of Contents

1. MODIFICATIONS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION	3
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL– UNANIMOUS VOTE	3
2. BACKGROUND.....	3
3. PURPOSE OF PROPOSED MODIFICATION	5
3A.) JUSTIFICATION OF MODIFICATION	5
3B.) IMPACT OF NOT IMPLEMENTING A SOLUTION	6
3C.) IMPACT ON CODE OBJECTIVES	6
4. WORKING GROUP AND/OR CONSULTATION	7
5. IMPACT ON SYSTEMS AND RESOURCES.....	7
6. IMPACT ON OTHER CODES/DOCUMENTS.....	7
7. MODIFICATION COMMITTEE VIEWS.....	7
MODIFICATIONS MEETING 122 – 23RD APRIL 2024	7
8. PROPOSED LEGAL DRAFTING.....	7
9. LEGAL REVIEW.....	8
10. IMPLEMENTATION TIMESCALE	8
1 APPENDIX 1: MOD_02_24 SDP_02 BATTERY INTEGRATION V3	9

1. MODIFICATIONS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL– UNANIMOUS VOTE

Recommended for Approval by Unanimous Vote		
Stacy Feldmann (Chair)	Generator Member	Approve
Andrew Burke	Renewable Generator Member	Approve
David Caldwell	Supplier Member	Approve
Eoin Murphy	Assetless Member	Approve
Nick Heyward	Flexible Participant Alternate	Approve
Ian Mullins	Supplier Member	Approve
Andrew Kelly	Generator Alternate	Approve
Sean McParland	Generator Member	Approve
Richard Crowley	Generator Alternate	Approve
Robert McCarthy	DSU Member	Approve

2. BACKGROUND

This Modification Proposal was raised by SEMO and received by the Secretariat on 9th April 2024. The Proposal was raised and voted on at Meeting 122 on 23rd April 2024.

In support of Irish and Northern Irish Government renewables targets for the electricity sector, EirGrid and SONI have undertaken to define and implement a set of initiatives to allow them to operate the system under conditions of 80% renewable electricity and 95+% system non-synchronous penetration (SNSP) on an instantaneous basis. A number of these initiatives relate to how the system is scheduled and dispatched, and in conjunction with related changes required to support compliance with the Clean Energy Package, have been grouped together into the Scheduling & Dispatch Programme (SDP).

The SDP_02 initiative within this programme encompasses battery integration. Its objective is to facilitate more effective use of batteries in scheduling and dispatch processes and systems. With increasing intermittent generation, energy storage is an ever-growing important source of flexibility and stability to the electrical system, while also providing needed system services capabilities in Ireland and Northern Ireland. The changes included in this initiative will allow market participant and the control centres to realise more value from batteries, and better align with their operating characteristics. In particular, the changes will allow Battery Storage Units to submit negative Physical Notifications and be dispatched to specific MW levels in their charging range. The wider suite of system and operational changes associated with this initiative will also be detailed in updates to Grid Codes, Balancing Market Principles Statement and relevant methodologies published by the TSOs.

Due to system vendor constraints, it is not currently possible to optimise the use of Battery Storage Units across a time period based on their technical and commercial data in scheduling processes. To

handle this, it has been agreed that Battery Storage Units will be scheduled to follow participant-submitted Physical Notifications (PNs).

These units will also be dispatched to follow their Physical Notifications except for in certain, defined circumstances, e.g. system alerts. Dispatch decisions will not be made based on commercial factors due to the inability to foresee the market and system impacts of these actions at a later stage. The TSOs intend to deliver an enduring solution for Battery Storage Units in the coming years which will allow for more optimal scheduling and dispatch of these units.

Initially the TSOs had proposed that if dispatched away from PNs, Battery Storage Units should redeclare availability to reflect their updated state of charge. If the unit's PNs for later in the day became infeasible due to an earlier action by the TSO, the participant would be exposed to the Imbalance Price unless they traded out of their position in ex-ante markets and submitted new feasible PNs. Market participants felt that this approach placed an unreasonable level of risk on them, particularly due to lack of liquidity in intra-day markets.

In response to this the TSOs produced an updated proposal, outlining that if dispatched away from PNs, Battery Storage Units would not be required to update their availability to reflect this. This would mean that dispatch away from PNs which have become infeasible due to earlier TSO actions would be settled as if fully available, i.e. at the better of the unit's Commercial Offer Data (COD) price and the Imbalance Price. To protect the market from excessively high payments to these units based on Simple COD prices for actions they have foresight of, the TSOs proposed that all actions on these units would be settled using Complex COD. This approach was acceptable to market participants and was recommended for approval by the Mods Committee as Mod_11_23.

The Regulatory Authorities (RAs) considered this proposal but felt that if these units were always to be settled using Complex COD and dispatch decisions would not be made based on Simple prices, it would not be appropriate for these units to submit Simple prices at all. The RAs requested that the TSOs submit an updated mod including this change.

Following further discussion between the TSOs, RAs, and market participants on April 5th, a solution was proposed whereby these units could submit both Simple and Complex COD prices, but all actions on these units would be System Operator (SO) flagged. This would mean that these actions would initially be flagged out of pricing (although could be tagged back in) and would be settled using Complex COD. This is the approach contained within this mod.

This mod also replicates the changes in Mod_11_23 that are unaffected by the developments described above, and as a result can replace Mod_11_23 in its entirety. The differences between this mod and Mod_11_23 include the removal of proposed changes to F.3.3.2 (to always settle Battery Storage Units using Complex COD), additional text in Appendix N – 1 (to SO flag all actions on these units), removal of minor proposed changes in D.5.1 (updating naming conventions to reflect vendor design), and minor changes to Appendix I – Table 2 (updating list of TOD fields applicable to Battery Storage Units to reflect vendor design).

Changes to market rules are needed to support these scheduling and dispatch changes and to better reflect the characteristics of the technology. An overview of the Trading and Settlement Code changes proposed is given below:

- In registration, Battery Storage Units will be required to register as part of a Trading Site so that non-firm quantities can be settled correctly with respect to their allocated Firm Access Quantity as per other generator units.
- In Commercial Offer Data (COD), new fields will be created to give the control centres information on whether Physical Notifications submitted breach the unit's operational MWh storage limits. Forecast Minimum Stable Generation will be mandated to be entered as zero to reflect the fact that these units can traverse through zero.
- In Technical Offer Data (TOD), field names will be used for both Pumped Storage Units and

Battery Storage Units where appropriate. The list of TOD fields applicable will be updated to reflect the technical characteristics of Battery Storage Units.

- The description of Charging Mode will no longer be required for Battery Storage Units as it will no longer be necessary to be able to differentiate between the treatment of battery units while charging or discharging under the Trading and Settlement Code.
- All actions on Battery Storage Units will be SO flagged. This is to handle the fact that these units will primarily be scheduled and dispatched to follow PNs, and dispatch decisions away from PNs will be made for system reasons, not based on price. The implications of this are that actions on these units will initially be flagged out of pricing. They may be tagged back into pricing through the Net Imbalance Volume (NIV) tag, but the price used will be capped by the Price of the Marginal Energy Action (PMEA). The SO flag will also ensure that these units are always settled using Complex COD.
- The Imbalance Charge and Uninstructed Imbalance Charge will be applied to Battery Storage Units as they are for other generator units while charging and discharging. This reflects the fact that, unlike Pumped Storage Units, Battery Storage Units can control the level to which they consume power when dispatched to charge. This also complies with regulatory requirements for Balance Responsible Parties (under the EU's Clean Energy Package (CEP), Energy Balancing Guidelines (EBGL), and Imbalance Settlement Harmonisation Proposal methodology (ISHP)).
- The application of the Testing Charge will be applied to Battery Storage Units as for Interconnector Units to account for negative meter volumes.
- Dispatch Instructions and Instruction Profiling logic will be updated as GOOP instructions will not be used for Battery Storage Units, and ramp rates will apply between the Registered Minimum Output and zero as well as between the Minimum Stable Generation and the Registered Capacity. Instruction Profiling will use the same logic for charging and discharging.

3. PURPOSE OF PROPOSED MODIFICATION

3A.) JUSTIFICATION OF MODIFICATION

These changes will allow the treatment of Battery Storage Units to be decoupled from the treatment of Pumped Storage Units to better reflect their technical characteristics and allow them to participate in the Balancing Market in a competitive and non-discriminatory way.

At present the treatment of Battery Storage Units while charging is the same as the treatment of Pumped Storage Units while pumping. Particular treatment was put in place in settlement because Pumped Storage Units cannot control the level to which they consume power when dispatched to pump. This is not a feature of Battery Storage Units and so once market systems have the capability to receive Physical Notifications and Dispatch these units in their charging range this treatment will no longer be appropriate for Battery Storage Units.

This decoupling will apply to the requirement that Pumped Storage Units not be registered as part of a Trading Site, the application of the Imbalance Charge and Uninstructed Imbalance Charge, Dispatch Instructions and Instruction Profiling.

The change to the application of the Imbalance Charge was identified as necessary in SEM-21-017 (EirGrid and SONI Analysis of SEM Compliance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2195 of 23 November 2017 Establishing a Guideline on Electricity Balancing) in order to comply with the EU's Clean Energy Package (CEP), Energy Balancing Guidelines (EBGL), and Imbalance Settlement Harmonisation Proposal methodology (ISHP).

Further changes are proposed in order to handle import volumes appropriately in the Testing Charge. The Testing Tariff Price should always be applied as a charge rather than a payment to participants. Without this change the Testing Charge would be a payment to participants when the Battery Storage Unit is importing.

Changes are also proposed to provide greater situational awareness to control centre engineers. The new Commercial Offer Data fields (Operational Maximum and Minimum Storage Quantity) will give the control centre engineer information on whether Physical Notifications submitted by participants are feasible with respect to the unit's state of charge, and as a result whether it is possible to schedule and dispatch the unit to those Physical Notifications.

Changes are proposed to Technical Offer Data field names so that where similar fields are used for Pumped Storage Units and Battery Storage Units the same field name can be used for both. The list of applicable TOD fields requires updates to reflect the technical characteristics of the technology.

Finally, changes are required to SO flagging of these units so that these units can be included appropriately in pricing and settlement given the operational policy outlined above (follow PN, with dispatch away from PNs not based on price), which is being implemented as part of this interim solution due to the inability of systems to fully optimise the use of Battery Storage Units.

3B.) IMPACT OF NOT IMPLEMENTING A SOLUTION

If these changes are not implemented Battery Storage Units will not be settled according to their unique characteristics and will not be able to participate in the Balancing Market in a competitive and non-discriminatory way.

Battery units will by default be settled as fully-firm regardless of allocated Firm Access Quantity under the unit's connection agreement as a result of the requirement not to register as part of a Trading Site.

These units will unnecessarily be subject to a different form of the Imbalance Charge to other generators while charging, contrary to EU regulatory requirements for Balance Responsible Parties, and will be exempted from the Uninstructed Imbalance charge while charging.

Testing Tariff Prices will be applied incorrectly for imports leading to unwanted settlement outcomes.

The balancing market could be at risk of unwanted outcomes if SO flags were not applied to actions on these units due to the operational policy being put in place.

Appendix O will not describe the desired Dispatch Instruction and Instruction Profiling logic which would allow Battery Storage Units to be dispatched to specific MW levels in their charging range and priced and settled accordingly. The existing logic does not allow for ramp rates to be applied below zero as these units would be subject to GOOP instructions which involve ramping instantaneously to the unit's full storage capacity when instructed to pump.

If SDP_02 as a whole is not delivered the control centres and market participants will not be able to gain maximum value from battery resources. Market participation will continue to be limited by the inability to register as a Battery Storage Unit, submit negative Physical Notifications, schedule or dispatch in the charging range, and price and settle accordingly. Participation in and revenue from energy markets will continue to be limited for these units. This may have an impact on investment decisions which may affect the system's ability to reach renewables targets.

3C.) IMPACT ON CODE OBJECTIVES

- c) to facilitate the participation of electricity undertakings engaged in the generation, supply or sale of electricity in the trading arrangements under the Single Electricity Market;
These changes will improve market access because rules for participation will be clearly set out for participants.
- e) to provide transparency in the operation of the Single Electricity Market;

These changes will improve market transparency because units will be registered with their own true characteristics.

- f) to ensure no undue discrimination between persons who are parties to the Code; and These changes will ensure no undue discrimination as Battery Storage Units will be treated as similarly as possible to other generator units while respecting their unique technical characteristics.
- g) to promote the short-term and long-term interests of consumers of electricity on the island of Ireland with respect to price, quality, reliability, and security of supply of electricity.

These changes will promote the interests of consumers by minimising Dispatch Balancing Costs through not compensating for unavailable incremental volumes or non-firm decremental quantities and correctly applying Testing Tariff Prices and the Uninstructed Imbalance Charge.

4. WORKING GROUP AND/OR CONSULTATION

A Workshop was held on 5th April 2024 in preparation for the submission of this Modification.

5. IMPACT ON SYSTEMS AND RESOURCES

Some impact on Grid Codes, primarily to update Technical Offer Data fields.

Impact on participant systems in relation to Commercial and Technical Offer Data fields.

Once-off impact on participants at cutover.

Impact on MI and MA in relation to updated data fields and instruction profiling logic.

Impact on settlement systems in relation to updated settlement logic.

Removes the need for an existing manual settlement workaround. Otherwise, no ongoing resource impact is anticipated within SEMO once implemented as a result of this mod.

6. IMPACT ON OTHER CODES/DOCUMENTS

N/A

7. MODIFICATION COMMITTEE VIEWS

MODIFICATIONS MEETING 122 – 23RD APRIL 2024

The Proposer delivered a [presentation](#) on this Modification Proposal, providing the context for the development of this interim solution for batteries' participation in the market. The Proposer summarized the difference between this Modification Proposal and the previous version which was recommended for approval. The changes include the application of System Operator flags to all actions on batteries and the removal of the requirement to use Complex Commercial Offer Data in the settlement of batteries at all times, as this will be enacted through the application of System Operator flags. Other minor, practical changes were introduced based on engagement with the vendors.

An Observer queried what would happen when a Battery Storage Unit did not have a PN submitted and if that Unit would be available to dispatch. The Proposer advised that dispatching to Commercial Offer Data and Merit Orders was explored but it was not possible at this point. This would be in scope for an enduring solution under the Strategic Markets Program.

In response to a query, the Proposer confirmed that the capability to submit Simple Commercial Offer Data for an enduring solution will not be compromised by the application of System Operator flags because this is a configuration that can be disabled.

8. PROPOSED LEGAL DRAFTING

[Trading & Settlement Code Part B – tracked changes](#)
[Trading & Settlement Code Part B Appendices – tracked changes](#)
[Trading & Settlement Code Part B Glossary – tracked changes](#)
[Agreed Procedure 1 – tracked changes](#)
[Agreed Procedure 4 – tracked changes](#)

9. LEGAL REVIEW

N/A

10. IMPLEMENTATION TIMESCALE

It is recommended that this Modification is implemented on a Trading Day basis following the relevant Market System Release.

1 APPENDIX 1: MOD_02_24 SDP_02 BATTERY INTEGRATION V3

MODIFICATION PROPOSAL FORM

Proposer <i>(Company)</i>	Date of receipt <i>(assigned by Secretariat)</i>	Type of Proposal <i>(delete as appropriate)</i>	Modification Proposal ID <i>(assigned by Secretariat)</i>
EirGrid/SONI/SEMO	9 th April 2024	Standard	Mod_02_24
Contact Details for Modification Proposal Originator			
Name	Telephone number	Email address	
Grace Burke		Grace.Burke@EirGrid.com	
Modification Proposal Title			
SDP_02 Battery Integration_V03			
Documents affected <i>(delete as appropriate)</i>	Section(s) Affected	Version number of T&SC or Agreed Procedure used in Drafting	
T&SC Part B Appendices Part B Glossary Part B Agreed Procedures Part B	B.9.1.3, D.4.2.6, D.4.2.15, D.5.1.4, D.5.1.5, D.5.1.6, D.5.1.7, F.2.1.4, F.4.3.3, F.9.1.5, F.13.2.1, F.13.2.2. Appendix H – Table 2. Appendix I – 2, Table 1, Table 2. Appendix N – 1, Appendix O – 10, Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, 25, 28, 29, Table 8, Table 9, 37(a), 40. Glossary Part B Definitions and List of Variables and Parameters. Agreed Procedure 1 - Registration – 2.3. Agreed Procedure 4 – Transaction Submission and Validation - Appendix 2, Table 9.	V28.0	
Explanation of Proposed Change <i>(mandatory by originator)</i>			
In support of Irish and Northern Irish Government renewables targets for the electricity sector, EirGrid and SONI have undertaken to define and implement a set of initiatives to allow them to operate the system under conditions of 80% renewable electricity and 95+% system non-synchronous penetration (SNSP) on an instantaneous basis. A			

number of these initiatives relate to how the system is scheduled and dispatched, and in conjunction with related changes required to support compliance with the Clean Energy Package, have been grouped together into the Scheduling & Dispatch Programme (SDP).

The SDP_02 initiative within this programme encompasses battery integration. Its objective is to facilitate more effective use of batteries in scheduling and dispatch processes and systems. With increasing intermittent generation, energy storage is an ever-growing important source of flexibility and stability to the electrical system, while also providing needed system services capabilities in Ireland and Northern Ireland. The changes included in this initiative will allow market participant and the control centres to realise more value from batteries, and better align with their operating characteristics. In particular, the changes will allow Battery Storage Units to submit negative Physical Notifications and be dispatched to specific MW levels in their charging range. The wider suite of system and operational changes associated with this initiative will also be detailed in updates to Grid Codes, Balancing Market Principles Statement and relevant methodologies published by the TSOs.

Due to system vendor constraints, it is not currently possible to optimise the use of Battery Storage Units across a time period based on their technical and commercial data in scheduling processes. To handle this, it has been agreed that Battery Storage Units will be scheduled to follow participant-submitted Physical Notifications (PNs).

These units will also be dispatched to follow their Physical Notifications except for in certain, defined circumstances, e.g. system alerts. Dispatch decisions will not be made based on commercial factors due to the inability to foresee the market and system impacts of these actions at a later stage. The TSOs intend to deliver an enduring solution for Battery Storage Units in the coming years which will allow for more optimal scheduling and dispatch of these units.

Initially the TSOs had proposed that if dispatched away from PNs, Battery Storage Units should redeclare availability to reflect their updated state of charge. If the unit's PNs for later in the day became infeasible due to an earlier action by the TSO, the participant would be exposed to the Imbalance Price unless they traded out of their position in ex-ante markets and submitted new feasible PNs. Market participants felt that this approach placed an unreasonable level of risk on them, particularly due to lack of liquidity in intra-day markets.

In response to this the TSOs produced and updated proposal, outlining that if dispatched away from PNs, Battery Storage Units would not be required to update their availability to reflect this. This would mean that dispatch away from PNs which have become infeasible due to earlier TSO actions would be settled as if fully available, i.e. at the better of the unit's Commercial Offer Data (COD) price and the Imbalance Price. To protect the market from excessively high payments to these units based on Simple COD prices for actions they have foresight of, the TSOs proposed that all actions on these units would be settled using Complex COD. This approach was acceptable to market participants and was recommended for approval by the Mods Committee as Mod_11_23.

The Regulatory Authorities (RAs) considered this proposal but felt that if these units were always to be settled using Complex COD and dispatch decisions would not be made based on Simple prices, it would not be appropriate for these units to submit Simple prices at all. The RAs requested that the TSOs submit an updated mod including this change.

Following further discussion between the TSOs, RAs, and market participants on April 5th, a solution was proposed whereby these units could submit both Simple and Complex COD prices, but all actions on these units would be System Operator (SO) flagged. This would mean that these actions would initially be flagged out of pricing (although could be tagged back in), and would be settled using Complex COD. This is the approach contained within this mod.

This mod also replicates the changes in Mod_11_23 that are unaffected by the developments described above, and as a result can replace Mod_11_23 in its entirety. The differences between this mod and Mod_11_23 include the removal of proposed changes to F.3.3.2 (to always settle Battery Storage Units using Complex COD), additional text in Appendix N – 1 (to SO flag all actions on these units), removal of minor proposed changes in D.5.1 (updating naming conventions to reflect vendor design), and minor changes to Appendix I – Table 2 (updating list of TOD fields applicable to Battery Storage Units to reflect vendor design).

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- In Commercial Offer Data (COD), new fields will be created to give the control centres information on whether Physical Notifications submitted breach the unit's operational MWh storage limits. Forecast Minimum Stable Generation will be mandated to be entered as zero to reflect the fact that these units can traverse through zero.
- In Technical Offer Data (TOD), field names will be used for both Pumped Storage Units and Battery Storage Units where appropriate. The list of TOD fields applicable will be updated to reflect the technical characteristics of Battery Storage Units.
- The description of Charging Mode will no longer be required for Battery Storage Units as it will no longer be necessary to be able to differentiate between the treatment of battery units while charging or discharging under the Trading and Settlement Code.
- All actions on Battery Storage Units will be SO flagged. This is to handle the fact that these units will primarily be scheduled and dispatched to follow PNs, and dispatch decisions away from PNs will be made for system reasons, not based on price. The implications of this are that actions on these units will initially be flagged out of pricing. They may be tagged back into pricing through the Net Imbalance Volume (NIV) tag, but the price used will be capped by the Price of the Marginal Energy Action (PMEA). The SO flag will also ensure that these units are always settled using Complex COD.
- The Imbalance Charge and Uninstructed Imbalance Charge will be applied to Battery Storage Units as they are for other generator units while charging and discharging. This reflects the fact that, unlike Pumped Storage Units, Battery Storage Units can control the level to which they consume power when dispatched to charge. This also complies with regulatory requirements for Balance Responsible Parties (under the EU's Clean Energy Package (CEP), Energy Balancing Guidelines (EBGL), and Imbalance Settlement Harmonisation Proposal methodology (ISHP)).
- The application of the Testing Charge will be applied to Battery Storage Units as for Interconnector Units to account for negative meter volumes.
- Dispatch Instructions and Instruction Profiling logic will be updated as GOOP instructions will not be used for Battery Storage Units, and ramp rates will apply between the Registered Minimum Output and zero as well as between the Minimum Stable Generation and the Registered Capacity. Instruction Profiling will use the same logic for charging and discharging.

Legal Drafting Change
<i>(Clearly show proposed code change using tracked changes, if proposer fails to identify changes, please indicate best estimate of potential changes)</i>
Tracked changes attached.
Modification Proposal Justification
<i>(Clearly state the reason for the Modification)</i>
<p>These changes will allow the treatment of Battery Storage Units to be decoupled from the treatment of Pumped Storage Units to better reflect their technical characteristics and allow them to participate in the Balancing Market in a competitive and non-discriminatory way.</p> <p>At present the treatment of Battery Storage Units while charging is the same as the treatment of Pumped Storage Units while pumping. Particular treatment was put in place in settlement because Pumped Storage Units cannot control the level to which they consume power when dispatched to pump. This is not a feature of Battery Storage Units and so once market systems have the capability to receive Physical Notifications and Dispatch these units in their charging range this treatment will no longer be appropriate for Battery Storage Units.</p> <p>This decoupling will apply to the requirement that Pumped Storage Units not be registered as part of a Trading Site, the application of the Imbalance Charge and Uninstructed Imbalance Charge, Dispatch Instructions and Instruction Profiling.</p> <p>The change to the application of the Imbalance Charge was identified as necessary in SEM-21-017 (EirGrid and SONI Analysis of SEM Compliance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2195 of 23 November 2017 Establishing a Guideline on Electricity Balancing) in order to comply with the EU's Clean Energy Package (CEP), Energy Balancing Guidelines (EBGL), and Imbalance Settlement Harmonisation Proposal methodology (ISHP).</p> <p>Further changes are proposed in order to handle import volumes appropriately in the Testing Charge. The Testing Tariff Price should always be applied as a charge rather than a payment to participants. Without this change the Testing Charge would be a payment to participants when the Battery Storage Unit is importing.</p> <p>Changes are also proposed to provide greater situational awareness to control centre engineers. The new Commercial Offer Data fields (Operational Maximum and Minimum Storage Quantity) will give the control centre engineer information on whether Physical Notifications submitted by participants are feasible with respect to the unit's state of charge, and as a result whether it is possible to schedule and dispatch the unit to those Physical Notifications.</p> <p>Changes are proposed to Technical Offer Data field names so that where similar fields are used for Pumped Storage Units and Battery Storage Units the same field name can be used for both. The list of applicable TOD fields requires updates to reflect the technical characteristics of the technology.</p>

Finally, changes are required to SO flagging of these units so that these units can be included appropriately in pricing and settlement given the operational policy outlined above (follow PN, with dispatch away from PNs not based on price), which is being implemented as part of this interim solution due to the inability of systems to fully optimise the use of Battery Storage Units.

Code Objectives Furthered

(State the Code Objectives the Proposal furthers, see Section 1.3 of Part A and/or Section A.2.1.4 of Part B of the T&SC for Code Objectives)

- d) to facilitate the participation of electricity undertakings engaged in the generation, supply or sale of electricity in the trading arrangements under the Single Electricity Market;
These changes will improve market access because rules for participation will be clearly set out for participants.
- h) to provide transparency in the operation of the Single Electricity Market;
These changes will improve market transparency because units will be registered with their own true characteristics.
- i) to ensure no undue discrimination between persons who are parties to the Code; and
These changes will ensure no undue discrimination as Battery Storage Units will be treated as similarly as possible to other generator units while respecting their unique technical characteristics.
- j) to promote the short-term and long-term interests of consumers of electricity on the island of Ireland with respect to price, quality, reliability, and security of supply of electricity.
These changes will promote the interests of consumers by minimising Dispatch Balancing Costs through not compensating for unavailable incremental volumes or non-firm decremental quantities and correctly applying Testing Tariff Prices and the Uninstructed Imbalance Charge.

Implication of not implementing the Modification Proposal

(State the possible outcomes should the Modification Proposal not be implemented)

If these changes are not implemented Battery Storage Units will not be settled according to their unique characteristics and will not be able to participate in the Balancing Market in a competitive and non-discriminatory way.

Battery units will by default be settled as fully-firm regardless of allocated Firm Access Quantity under the unit's connection agreement as a result of the requirement not to register as part of a Trading Site.

These units will unnecessarily be subject to a different form of the Imbalance Charge to other generators while charging, contrary to EU regulatory requirements for Balance Responsible Parties, and will be exempted from the Uninstructed Imbalance charge while charging.

Testing Tariff Prices will be applied incorrectly for imports leading to unwanted settlement outcomes.

The balancing market could be at risk of unwanted outcomes if SO flags were not applied to actions on these units due to the operational policy being put in place.

Appendix O will not describe the desired Dispatch Instruction and Instruction Profiling logic which would allow Battery Storage Units to be dispatched to specific MW levels in their charging range and priced and settled accordingly. The existing logic does not allow for ramp rates to be applied below zero as these units would be subject to GOOP instructions which involve ramping instantaneously to the unit's full storage capacity when instructed to pump.

<p>If SDP_02 as a whole is not delivered the control centres and market participants will not be able to gain maximum value from battery resources. Market participation will continue to be limited by the inability to register as a Battery Storage Unit, submit negative Physical Notifications, schedule or dispatch in the charging range, and price and settle accordingly. Participation in and revenue from energy markets will continue to be limited for these units. This may have an impact on investment decisions which may affect the system’s ability to reach renewables targets.</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">Working Group <i>(State if Working Group considered necessary to develop proposal)</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Impacts <i>(Indicate the impacts on systems, resources, processes and/or procedures; also indicate impacts on any other Market Code such as Capacity Market Code, Grid Code, Exchange Rules etc.)</i></p>
<p>Workshops held in Nov 23 and Apr 24.</p>	<p>Some impact on Grid Codes, primarily to update Technical Offer Data fields.</p> <p>Impact on participant systems in relation to Commercial and Technical Offer Data fields.</p> <p>Once-off impact on participants at cutover.</p> <p>Impact on MI and MA in relation to updated data fields and instruction profiling logic.</p> <p>Impact on settlement systems in relation to updated settlement logic.</p> <p>Removes the need for an existing manual settlement workaround. Otherwise no ongoing resource impact is anticipated within SEMO once implemented as a result of this mod.</p>
<p>Please return this form to Secretariat by email to balancingmodifications@sem-o.com</p>	